



# KANTAR

## Global Tracker 2024

### USA Presentation Deck

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**mla**  
MEAT & LIVESTOCK AUSTRALIA

# Contents of today's presentation



1 MACRO MARKET CONTEXT

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2 PROTEIN LANDSCAPE

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3 BRAND HEALTH- BEEF COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

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4 BRAND HEALTH- LAMB COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

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5 FINAL THOUGHTS & DISCUSSION



# INTRODUCING MLA'S GLOBAL CONSUMER TRACKER

## *Diverse markets, with some universal truths.*

### 2024 Study Details:



5,800 interviews globally  
2400 interviews in USA



6 Markets (See right)



20-minute online survey



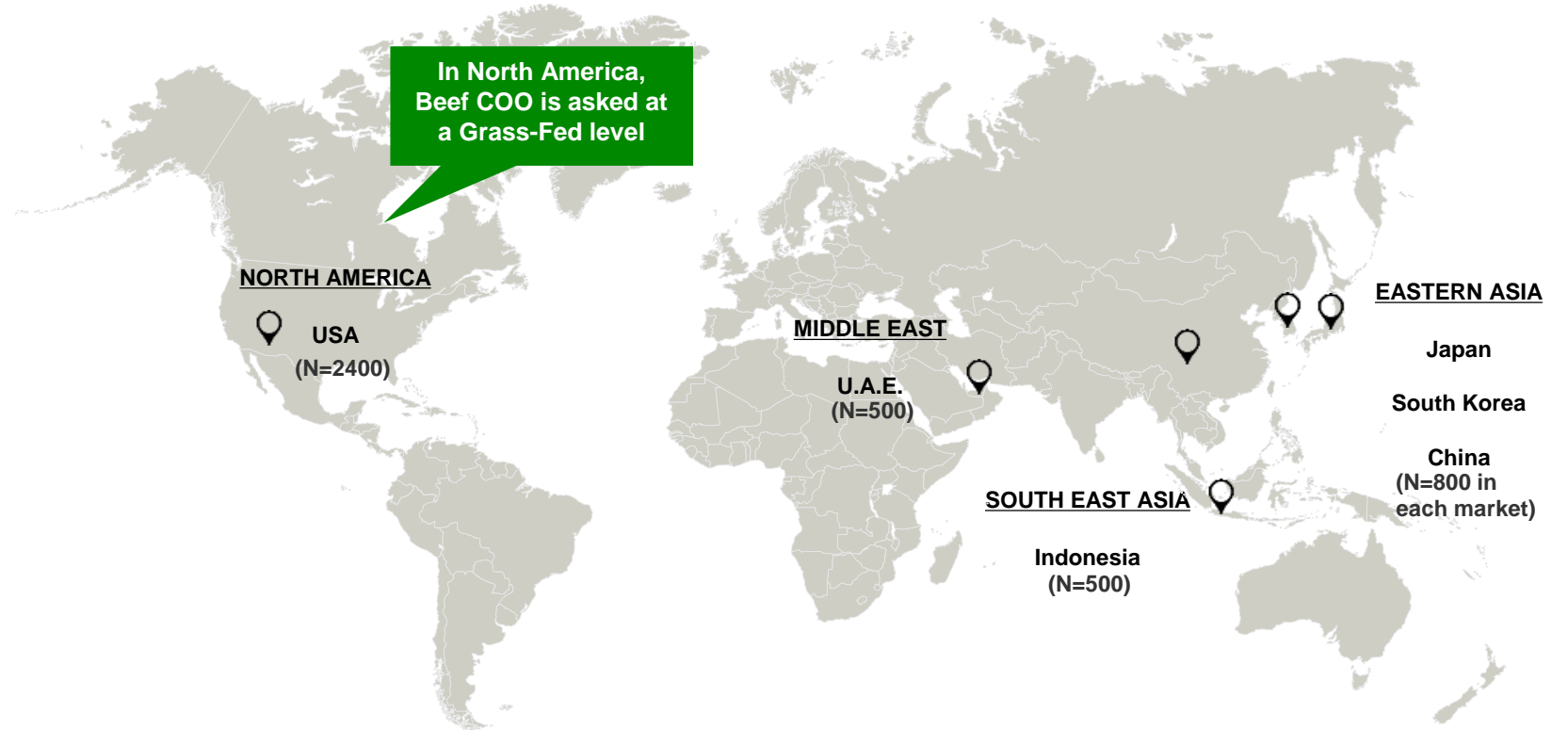
Consumers aged 18-64  
Grocery buyers, meal planners  
Affluent households (skew)  
Selected based on potential openness and  
ability to buy AU Beef and/or Lamb  
(Not representative of total market)

























Captures meat consumption habits,  
attitudes, perceptions of COO Beef &  
Lamb, purchase drivers, channels, trust  
and True Aussie



Conducted annually, this study collects  
historical data allowing the tracking of  
trends overtime



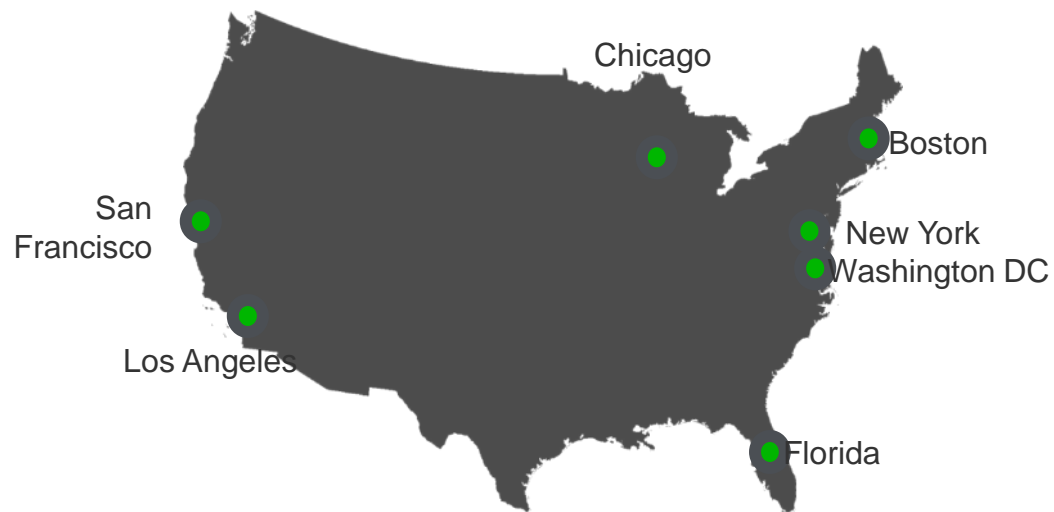
We have conducted the global tracker in 22 markets over the last 10 years, with USA fieldwork run every year.

MARKETS																							Total # of markets
	Japan	Korea	China	Indonesia	Singapore	Malaysia	Philippines	Taiwan	Thailand	Vietnam	USA	Canada	KSA	UAE	Oman	Jordan	Kuwait	Qatar	UK	Hong Kong	Mexico	Chile	
2015																							11
2016																							15
2017																							11
2018																							13
2019																							10
2020																							9
2021																							11
2022																							11
2023																							11
2024																							6



# USA sample – a deliberate skew (not Nationally Representative)

Consumers aged 18-64  
 Grocery buyers, meal planners  
 Affluent households (skew)  
 Selected based on potential openness and ability to buy AU Beef and/or Lamb  
 (Not representative of total market)



**Sample is made up of 2400 consumers**

DEMOGRAPHICS		COUNTRY INCIDENCE	SAMPLE STRUCTURE
Gender	Male	49%	43%
	Female	51%	57%
Age	18-34	-	37%
	35-49	-	39%
	50-64	-	26%
Cities*	New York City & surrounding area	7%	16%
	Boston	0.2%	14%
	San Francisco	0.3%	12%
	Los Angeles	1%	15%
	Washington DC	0.2%	13%
	Florida	0.2%	14%
	Chicago	1%	15%
	Consumption	Buy Fresh Meat at Least Occasionally	-
MGBs	Main Grocery Buyers	-	81%
Children	Households with Children	-	50%
Income	<\$50k	-	27%
	\$50k-\$90k	-	27%
	\$90k+	-	46%

# 1 Macro- market context

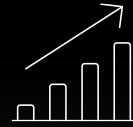


## 2 key trends we see influencing consumer consumption:



**Growing focus on healthier living**

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**Online meat shopping is becoming more popular**

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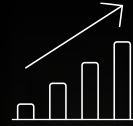
## 2 key trends we see influencing consumer consumption



### Growing focus on healthier living

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- There's a growing focus on living healthier and eating clean, which is leading many people to reconsider what is best for them, their future, and their bodies.
- According to IFIC, 67% of consumers attempted to consume more protein in 2023 in pursuit of cleaner eating.
- 74% of meat eaters say meat should be part of a healthy, balanced lifestyle.



### Online meat shopping is becoming more popular

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- While online grocery growth has stabilised following quick adoption during COVID-19, online meat shopping continues to rise, with Gen Z and Millennials over-indexing.
- Online shoppers now prioritize health and sustainability. To maximize appeal for these shoppers, this information should be readily available via product descriptions or nutritional information, as well as a visually appealing product image.

2

# Protein landscape

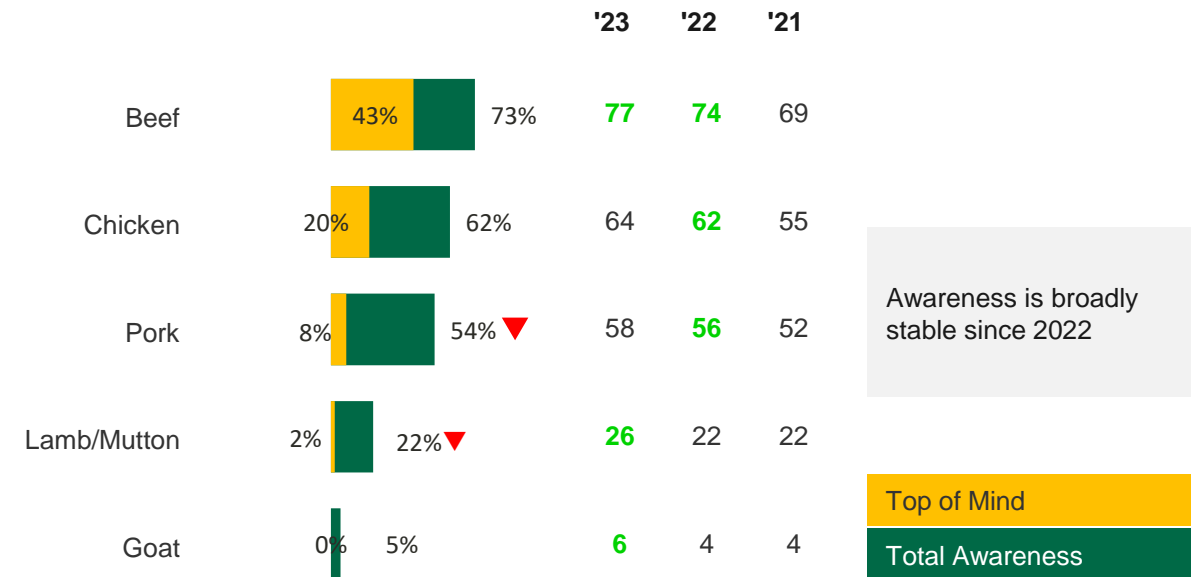


# Chicken and Beef continue to be the most bought proteins. Younger consumers (18-34 yrs) and those with a lower income seem to be diversifying their protein purchases with an increase in last month's purchase across all proteins.

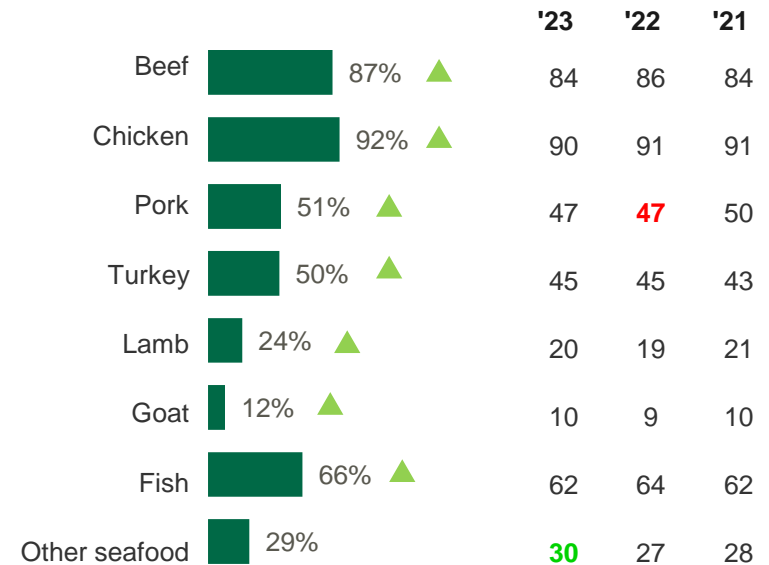
## Key Protein Metrics



### Spontaneous Awareness



### Bought In Last Month



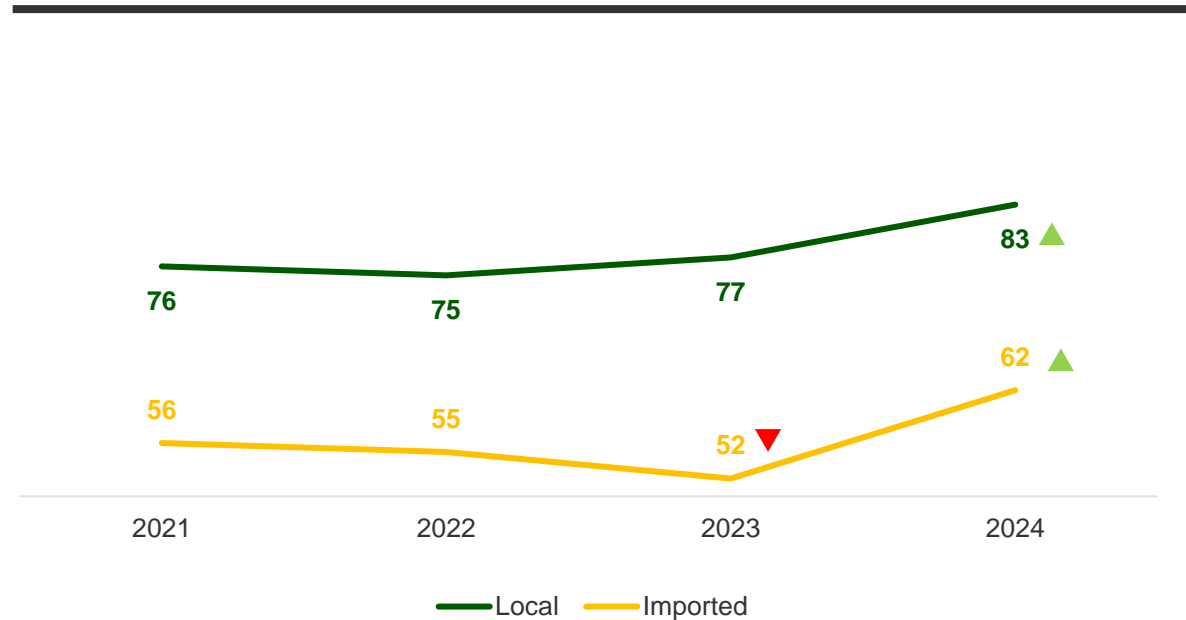
Increase in P1M purchase led by 18-34 yr. olds and consumers with annual HH income <\$100K

# AU Beef must capitalize on the increase in PM consumption and the recovery in monthly imported beef purchases, which have reached new highs. Local beef has increased and continues to be purchased more frequently than imported beef.

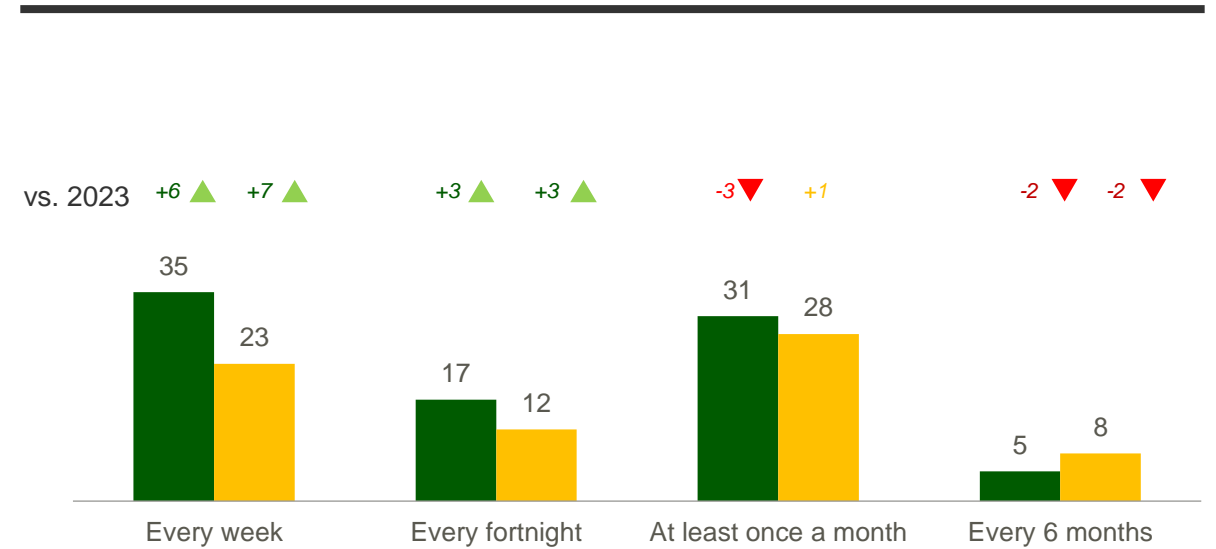
Frequency of buying local and imported beef

## LOCAL/IMPORTED

NET - Monthly purchase of local/imported beef



Frequency of purchase of local/imported beef



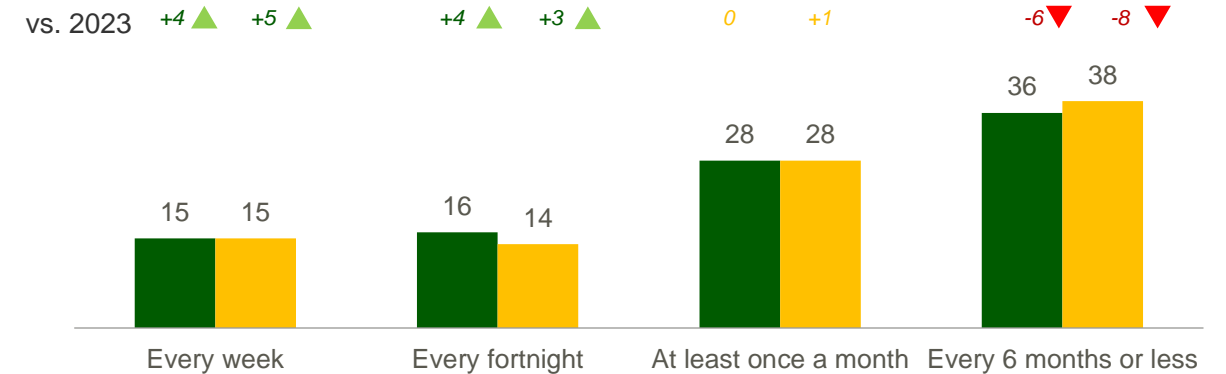
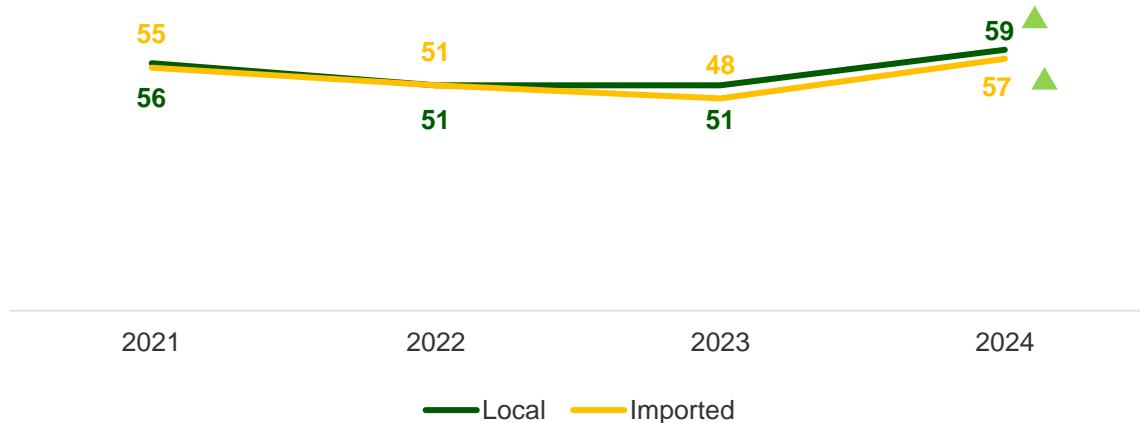
Unlike Beef, the frequency of purchase is at par for both local and imported lamb. However, AU Lamb can also capitalize on the increase in PM consumption and the growth in monthly purchases of imported lamb.

Frequency of buying local and imported lamb

LOCAL/IMPORTED

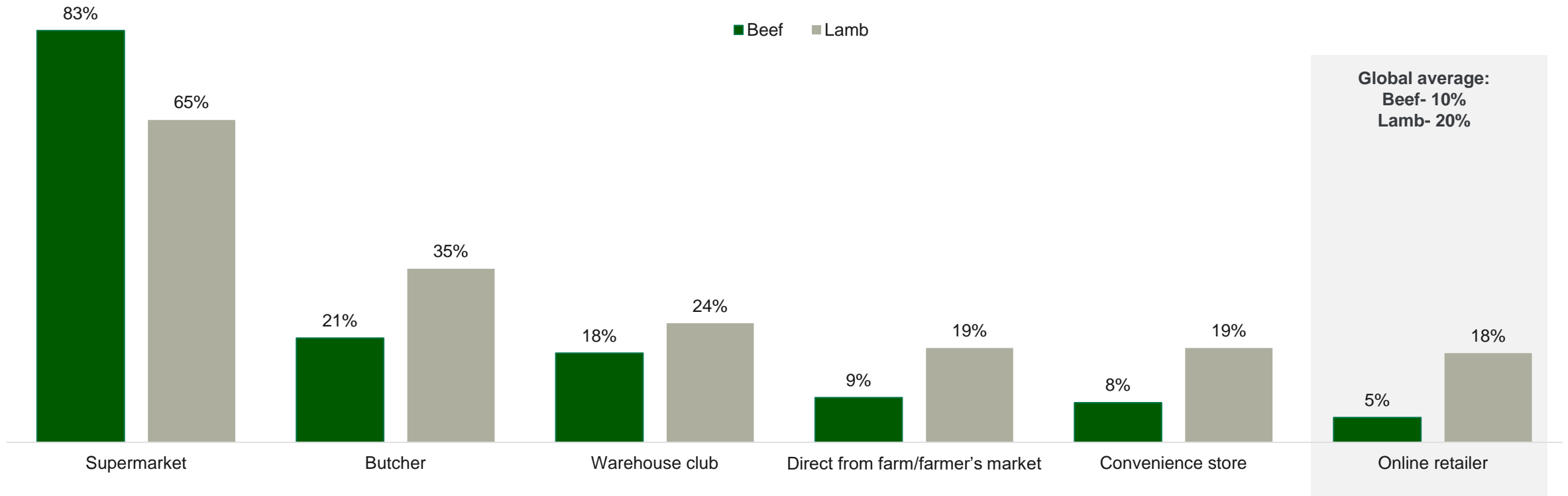
NET - Monthly purchase of local/imported lamb

Frequency of purchase of local/imported lamb



# Supermarkets are the most popular point of purchase for both Beef and Lamb. While still small, online purchases are more common for Lamb than Beef.

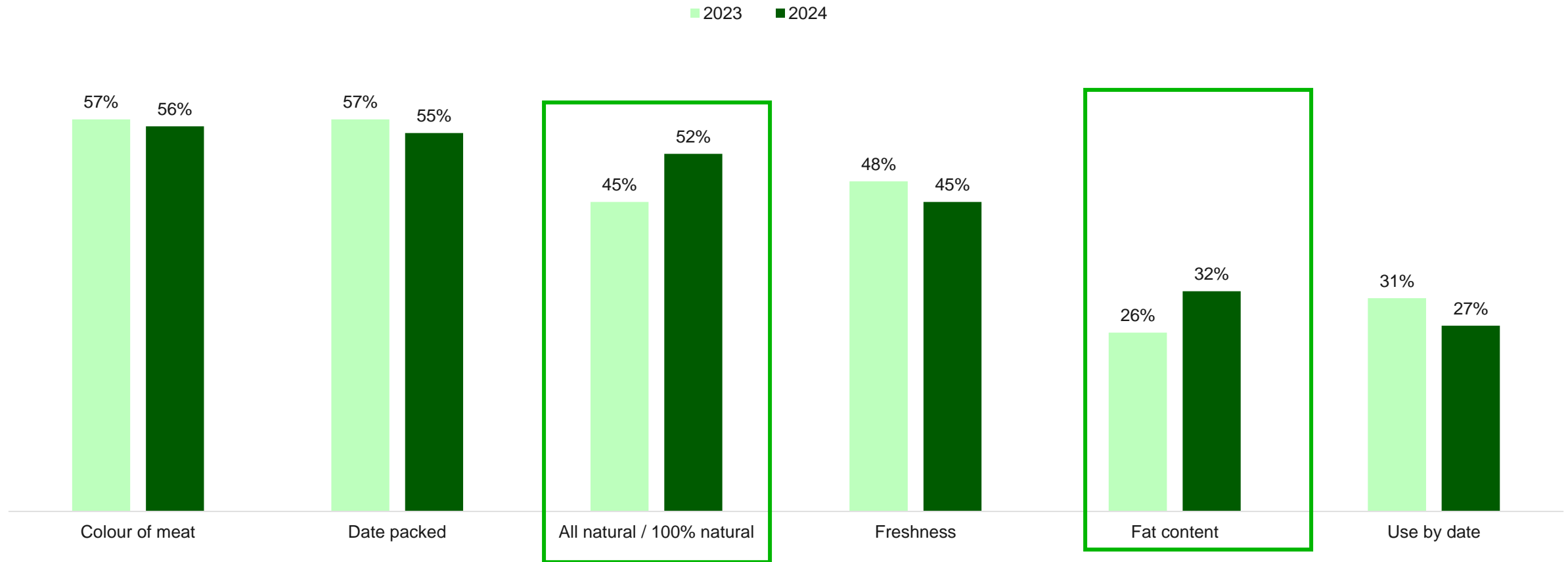
Places of purchase at least once a month - Beef & lamb



Colour of meat and date of packing are the top cues consumers look at on-pack when buying Beef, indicating that they place value in freshness. More consumers now look for credentials of the meat being natural and the fat content vs. 2023.



Top 5 'cues' when buying beef



# Summarising Protein landscape in USA

## Protein consumption

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Chicken and Beef continue to be the most bought proteins.

Consumers seem to be expanding the repertoire of protein purchase with significantly higher last month purchase seen across proteins - driven mainly by younger consumers and lower income households.

## Factors influencing Beef purchase

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Colour of meat and date of packaging continue to be the top things consumers look at when buying Beef. However, consumers are increasingly looking at credentials of Beef being natural and the fat content.

While imported Beef purchase is increasing in USA, important for Australian Beef to include the right messaging/ cues on packs and to be present in all the relevant channels of purchase to capitalise on the opportunity.

3  
Beef- Brand Health  
By Country of Origin

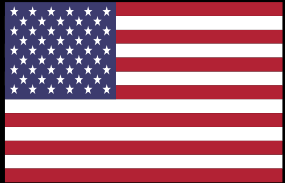


# The brand list remains consistent with 2023 allowing year-on-year comparisons.

Beef brands tracked in 2024

## Local Grass-fed beef

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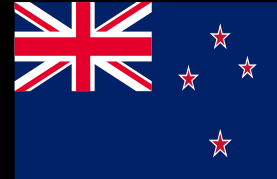
## Australian Grass-fed beef

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## New Zealand Grass-fed beef

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## Uruguayan Grass-fed beef

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## Canadian Grass-fed beef

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## Mexican Grass-fed beef

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## Irish Grass-fed beef

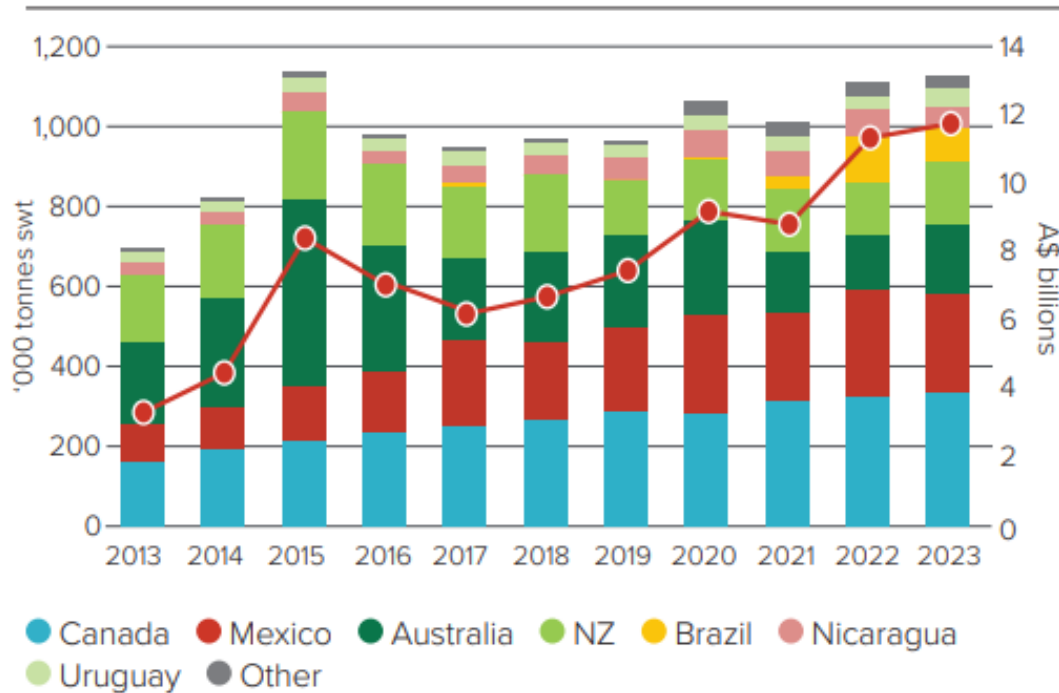
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# As most Australian beef entering the market is grass-fed, the key competitor among imports is New Zealand.

Beef imports - MLA data

## US beef imports by major supplier



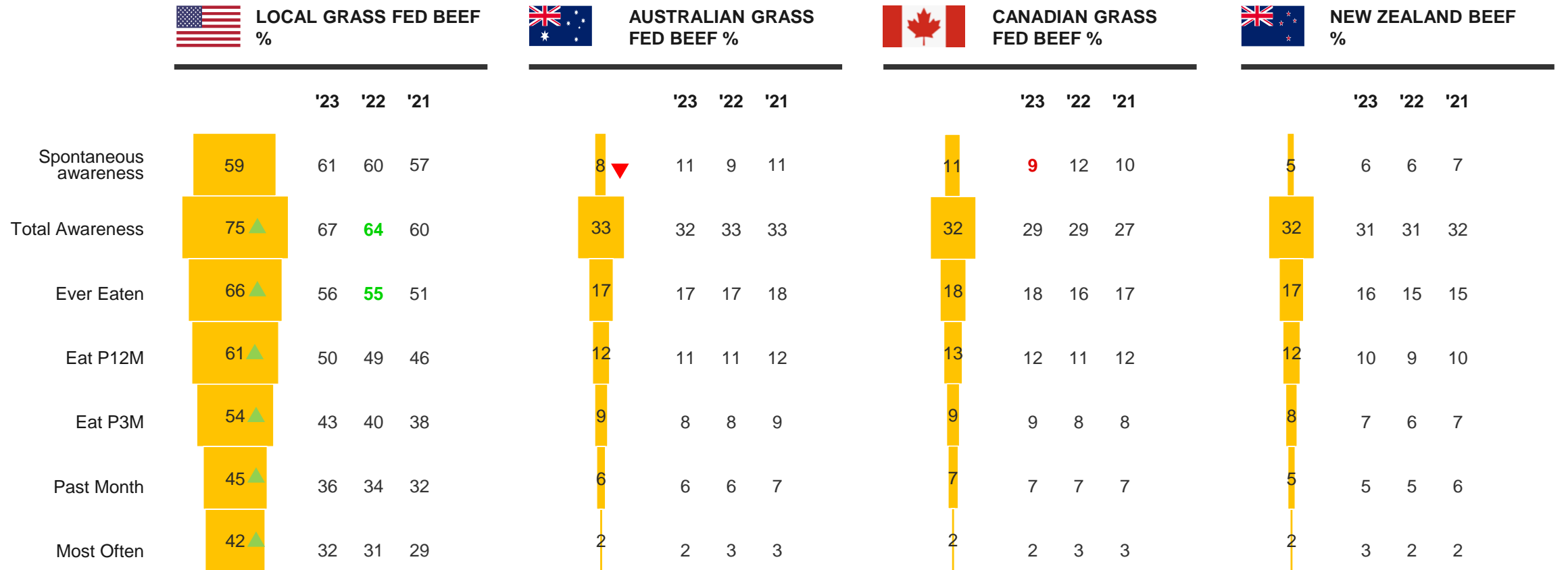
Source: S&P Global MI Global Trade Atlas (GTA), \*MAT year ending August

- US imports of Australian grass-fed beef are growing faster than imports of beef from our main competitor, New Zealand.
- In recent years, US imports from South American countries have increased in volume, albeit from a smaller base.
- Australia holds privileged access to the US, trailing only its USMCA partners (Canada and Mexico – with no quota restrictions).

# Local Beef continues to have the strongest brand health, strengthening even more in 2024. AU beef remains broadly stable and with the challenging COO labelling context, the task at hand remains to raise awareness about AU Grass Fed Beef.



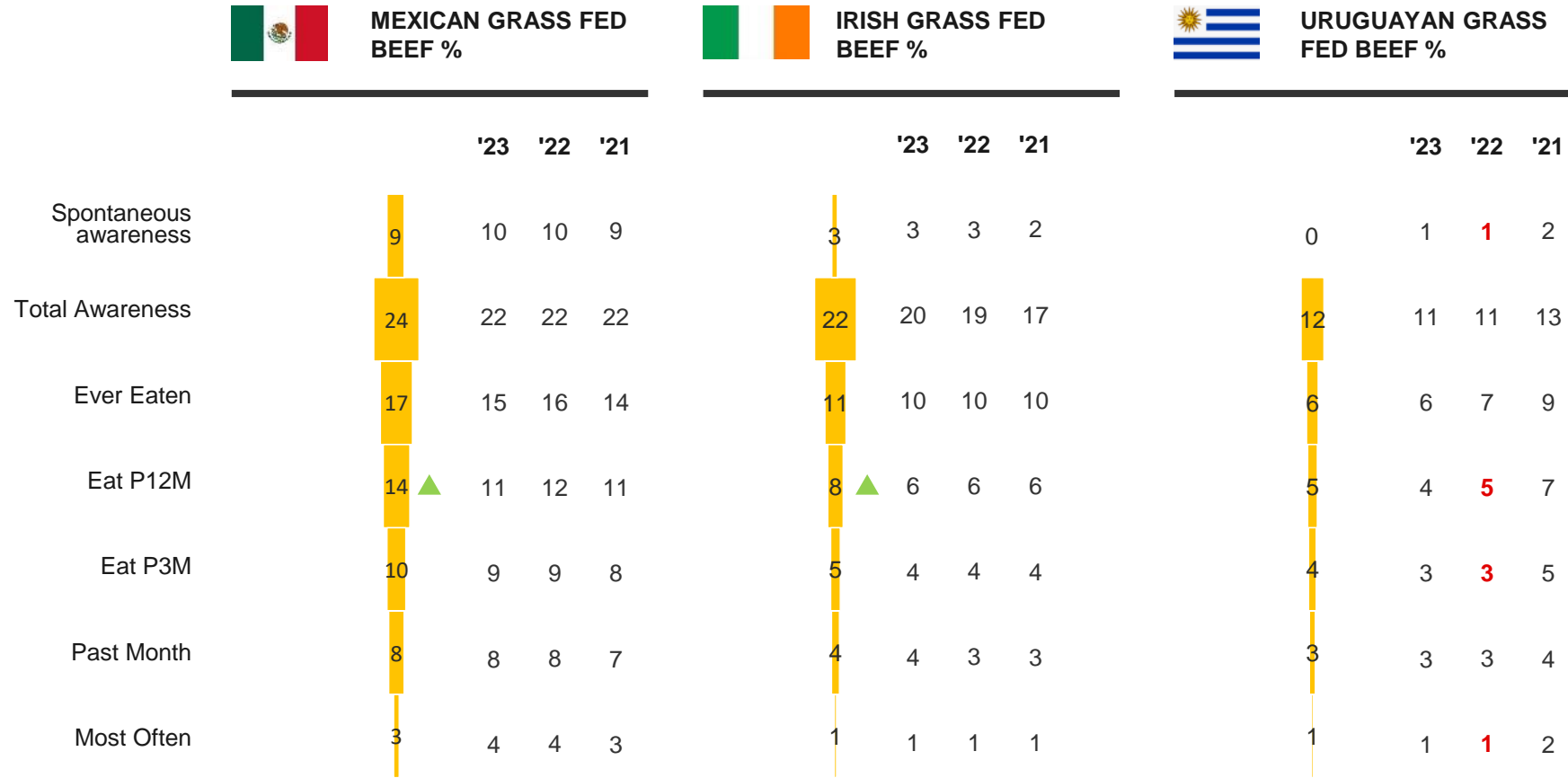
## Beef country of origin – Brand Health Funnels



# While funnels for the other imports remain weak, Mexican and Irish Beef enjoy some momentum in terms of trial, albeit still very low.



## Beef country of origin – Brand Health Funnel



## There are two paths to brand growth

By increasing the likelihood  
**that a consumer will buy a brand**

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We call this **Demand Power**



**Demand Power**

High Demand Power brands capture **5x higher** volume share

By increasing the likelihood  
**consumers will pay for a brand**

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We call this **Pricing Power**



**Pricing Power**

High Pricing Power brands can charge **25% more** than brands with a low Pricing Power score

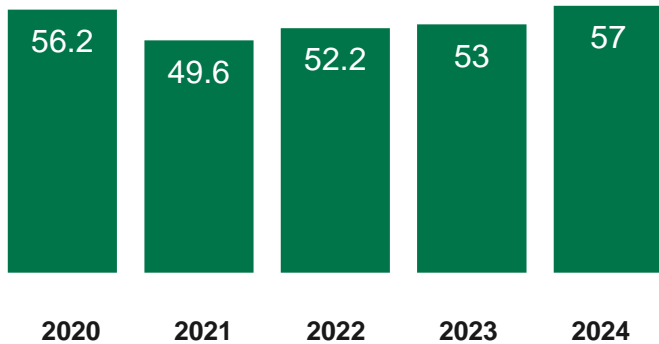
# Local Beef also continues to dominate in terms of equity while AU and key competitor, NZ softened.



Beef country of origin – Demand Power



LOCAL GRASS FED BEEF %



AUSTRALIAN GRASS FED BEEF %

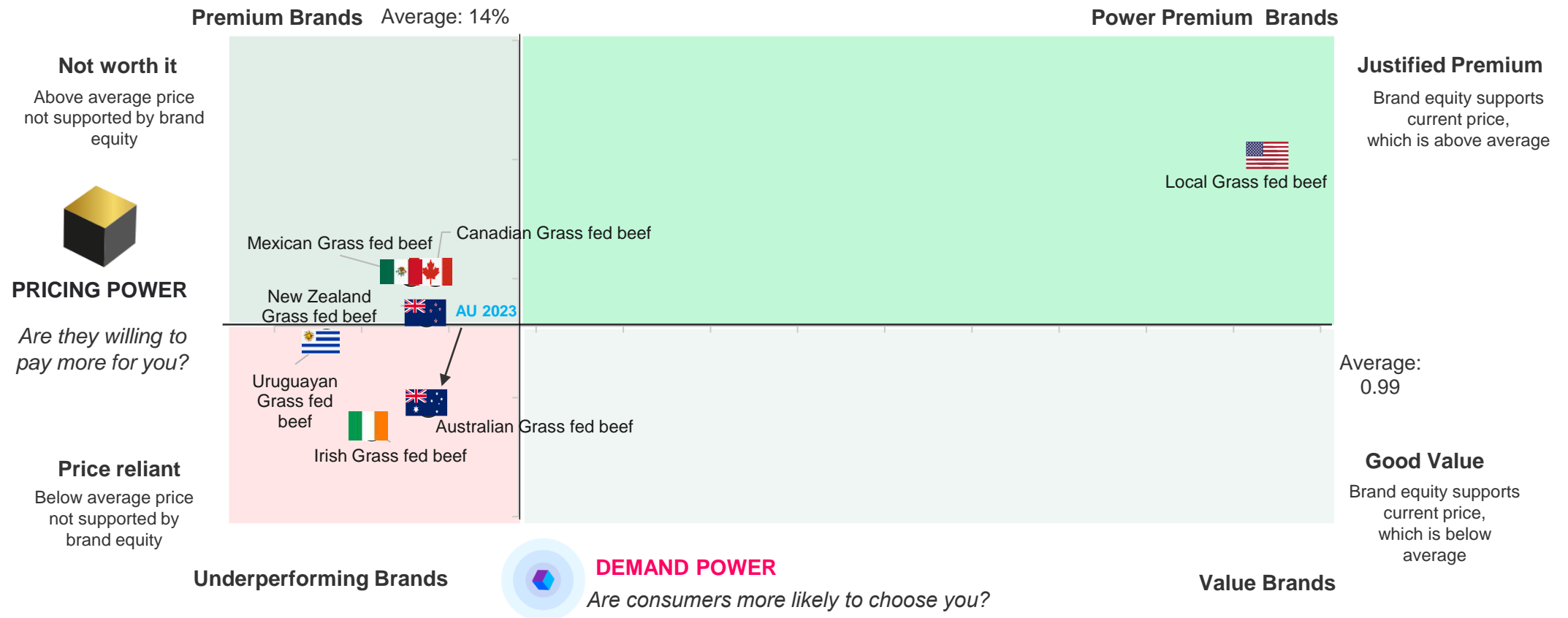


NEW ZEALAND GRASS FED BEEF %



# Strengthening its equity is key for AU Beef, since a stronger equity can help justify a premium price and AU Beef is now more reliant on its price, whilst NZ maintains its premium position.

## Beef country of origin – Equity



# The associations that consumers hold in their minds for beef in USA cluster into 5 themes.



Importance in driving Demand Power



## High quality

**39%** (37%)

- Fresh
- Consistent quality standards
- Is easy and convenient to purchase
- Offers a variety of cuts that suit the meals I make
- Guaranteed safe to eat
- The meat is usually tender
- The animal is well-cared for
- The industry is environmentally sustainable



## Superior

**27%** (28%)

- Is my/my family's favourite beef
- Is the most superior beef
- More nutritious



## Richly Marbled

**14%** (12%)

- The fat is nicely marbled



## Low Fat

**10%** (10%)

- Low in fat



## Cheap

**10%** (13%)

- Cheaper

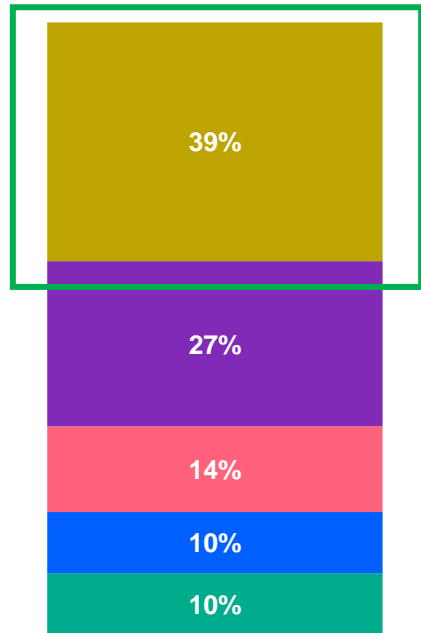
The levers to pull will depend on whether we want to drive Demand Power or Pricing Power. As the immediate task at hand for AU beef is to strengthen its equity, it should focus on strengthening perceptions that convey the idea of *High Quality*

What drivers Demand Power and Pricing Power

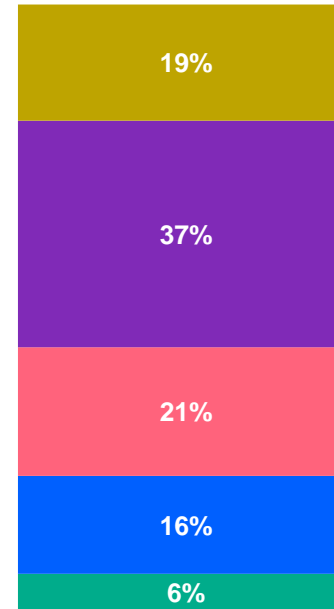


### Demand Power

- HIGH QUALITY
- SUPERIOR
- RICHLY MARBLED
- LOW FAT
- CHEAP



### Pricing Power



**HIGH QUALITY**

- Fresh
- Consistent quality standards
- Is easy and convenient to purchase
- Guaranteed safe to eat
- Offers a variety of cuts that suit the meals I make
- The meat is usually tender
- The animal is well-cared for
- The industry is environmentally sustainable

## An acknowledgement

- We recognise that country of origin labelling is not mandatory.
- The program does measure what people tend to associate with what they believe they buy.
- So, the goal is to focus on what we can control, increasing awareness of Australian beef through alternative channels and retailer interaction.



# Local Beef's dominant position is reflected in its strongest endorsements across attributes. Some key competitors grew associations with 'high quality' but remain much weaker than local beef.



## Drivers of Demand Power



### DRIVERS OF DEMAND POWER

(Factors and statements ranked from highest to lowest influence in driving Demand power)

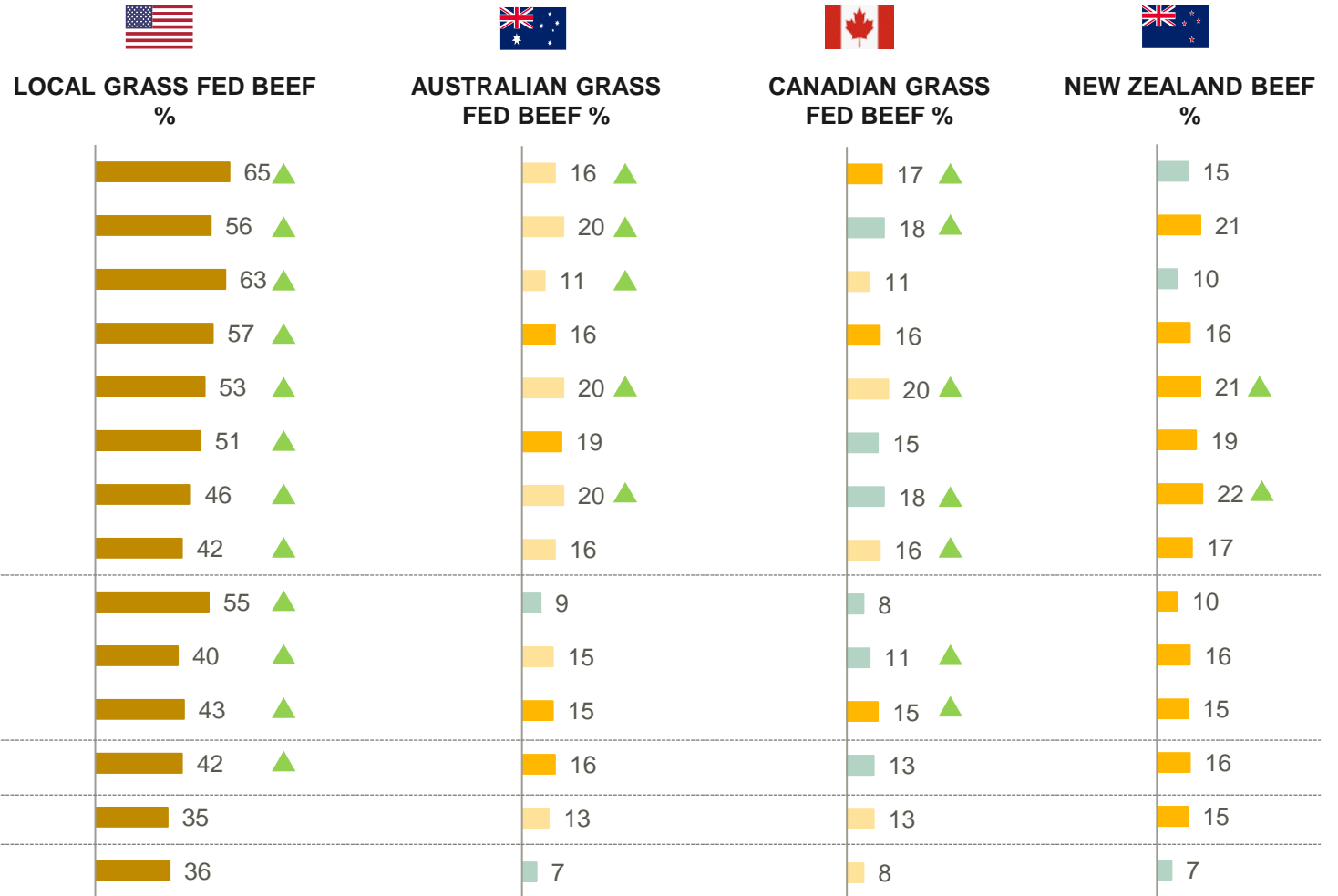
High Quality (39%)

Superior (27%)

Richly Marbled (14%)

Low Fat (10%)

Cheap (10%)



# Mexican and Irish beef also show significant improvements in certain endorsements



## Drivers of Demand Power



### DRIVERS OF DEMAND POWER

(Factors and statements ranked from highest to lowest influence in driving Demand power)

High Quality (39%)

Superior (27%)

Richly Marbled (14%)

Low Fat (10%)

Cheap (10%)



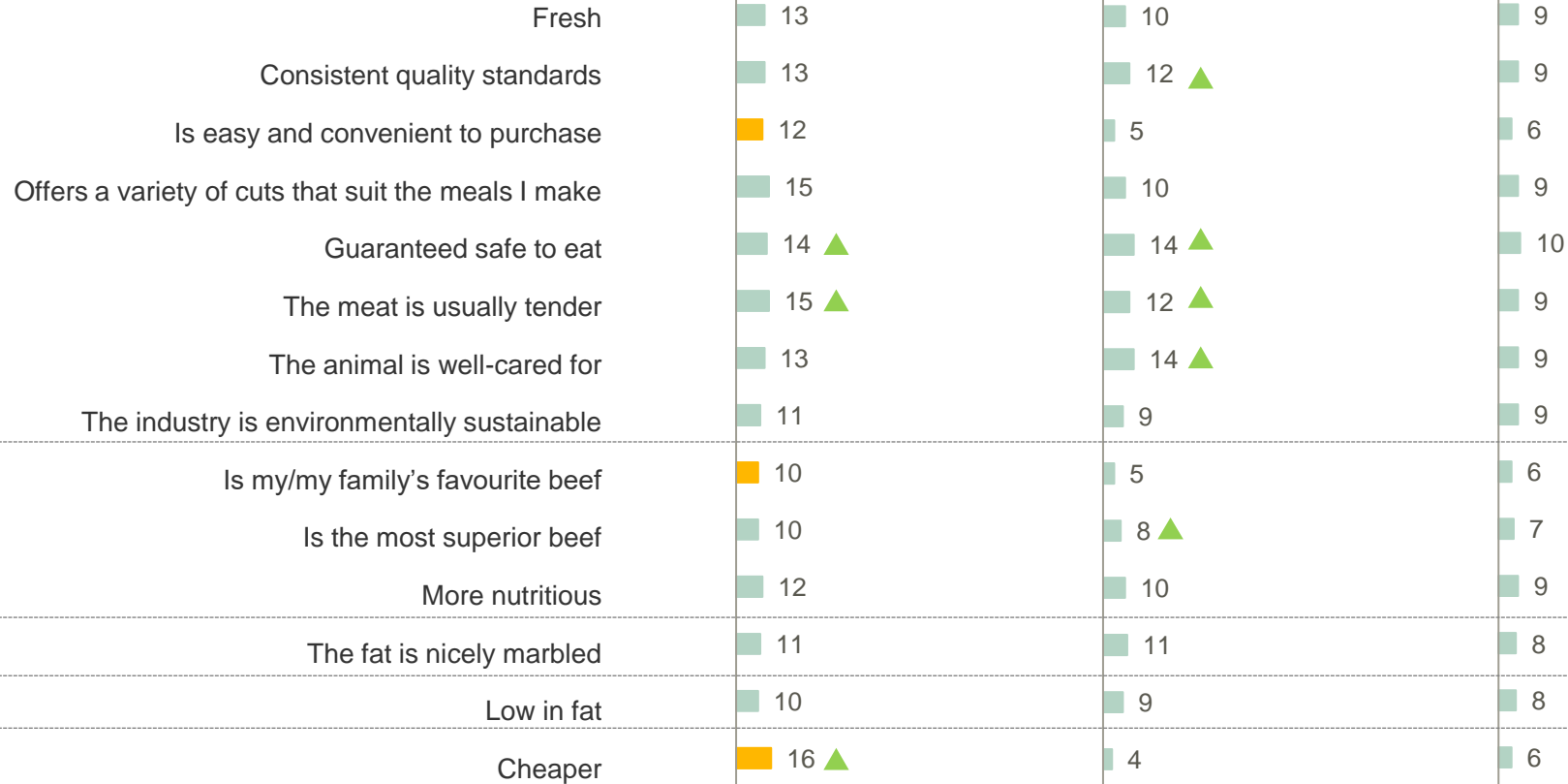
MEXICAN BEEF



IRISH BEEF



URUGUAYAN BEEF



# Big brands naturally attract high endorsement, which can limit insights. But we can run a statistical analysis (BIPS) to strip out size to identify relative strengths and weaknesses.

BIP Analysis and why we should look at it?



## Limited Insights:

Big Brand leads on everything, followed by Medium Brand and Small Brand.

## More Insights:

- Big brand’s strength is driven by Association 2
- Medium brand’s role is clear in consumers’ minds – it is known for Association 3, but not for Association 1
- While small, Small Brand is a threat on Association 1

We can then **overlay what drives demand and willingness to pay** to help you pursue what matters most (choice/price driving associations, differentiation/competitive white space)

# Local Beef remains the only brand with a clear profile while Mexican Beef stands out as 'cheaper'. Growing awareness by highlighting AU Beef's key benefits can strengthen associations and help differentiate vs. competitors.

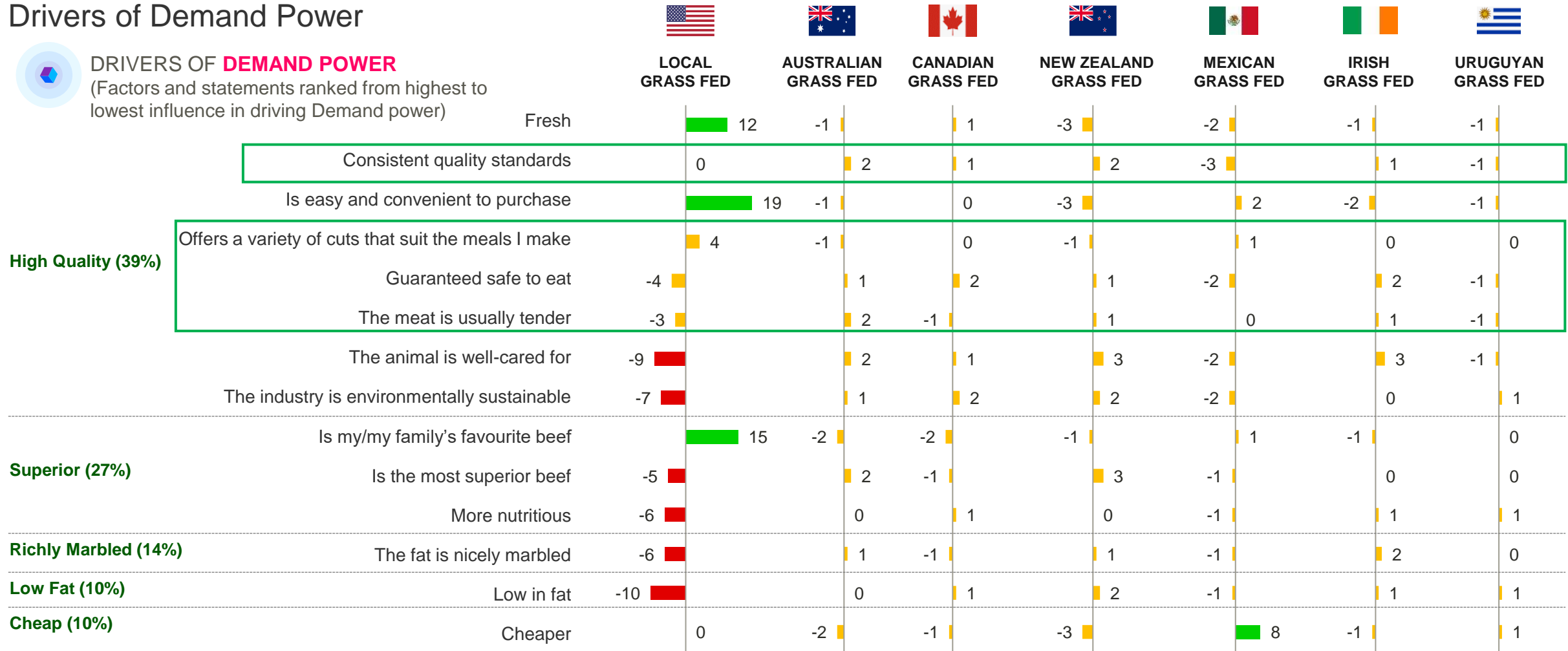


## Drivers of Demand Power



### DRIVERS OF DEMAND POWER

(Factors and statements ranked from highest to lowest influence in driving Demand power)



**Modelling helps us identify the strongest returns for AU Beef lie in conveying a variety of tender cuts, emphasizing AU's safety practices, and ensuring availability across key channels.**



Top associations to grow - volume & premium (ordered based on impact on building equity)

**1**

**Offers variety of cuts**

Currently a white space

**2**

**Family favourite**

Owned by Local Beef, difficult for AU Beef to own

**3**

**Tender**

Currently a white space and AU Beef is well positioned to be differentiated vs. other imports

**4**

**Safety**

**5**

**Easy and convenient to purchase**

Space owned by Local Beef, difficult for AU Beef to own

# Summarising Beef module:

## Strengthening AU Beef's equity in USA

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With the current COO labelling backdrop, AU Beef's main goal remains to grow awareness and strengthen its equity.

Until 2023, there was a high willingness to pay a premium price for AU Beef. However, this willingness has softened, making it essential for AU Beef to strengthen equity, which can help justify a premium price.

## Strengthening perceptions of High Quality

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Communication efforts to build awareness focussing on the important category levers will be beneficial to build overall equity.

While local grass-fed beef is well differentiated, it does not own association with consistent quality standards, variety of cuts, and safety and AU grass-fed beef is well placed to own this space making it important to communicate about it.



4

## Lamb- Brand Health By Country of Origin

All questions in this section were asked of lamb buyers only (must have ever bought lamb). They also must have previously bought, or would consider buying, imported lamb.



# The brand list remains consistent with 2023 allowing year on year comparisons.



Lamb brands tracked in 2024

## Local American lamb

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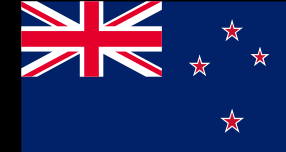
## Australian lamb

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## New Zealand lamb

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## Chilean lamb

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## Uruguayan lamb

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## Icelandic lamb

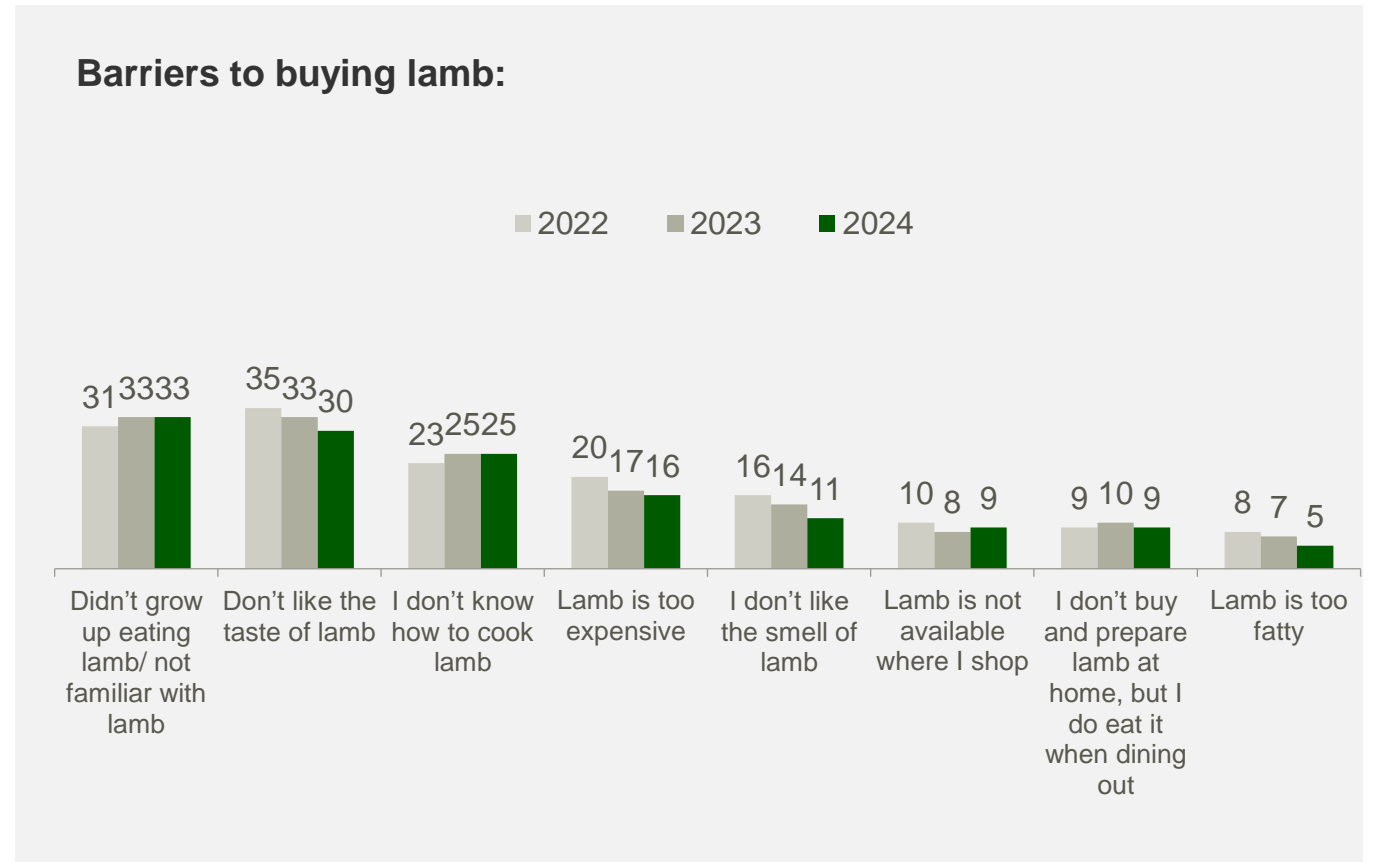
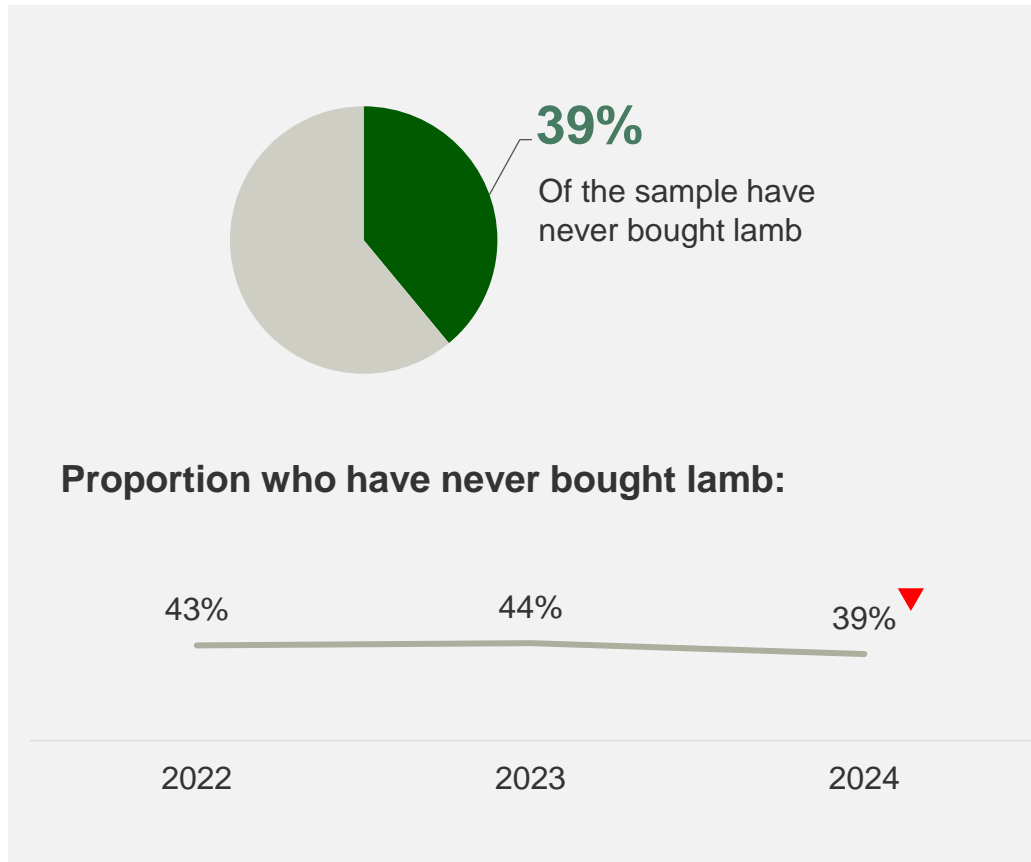
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# More consumers in USA have now tried lamb. While lack of familiarity and taste remain the main barriers among those who have yet to try it, taste is becoming less of a barrier.



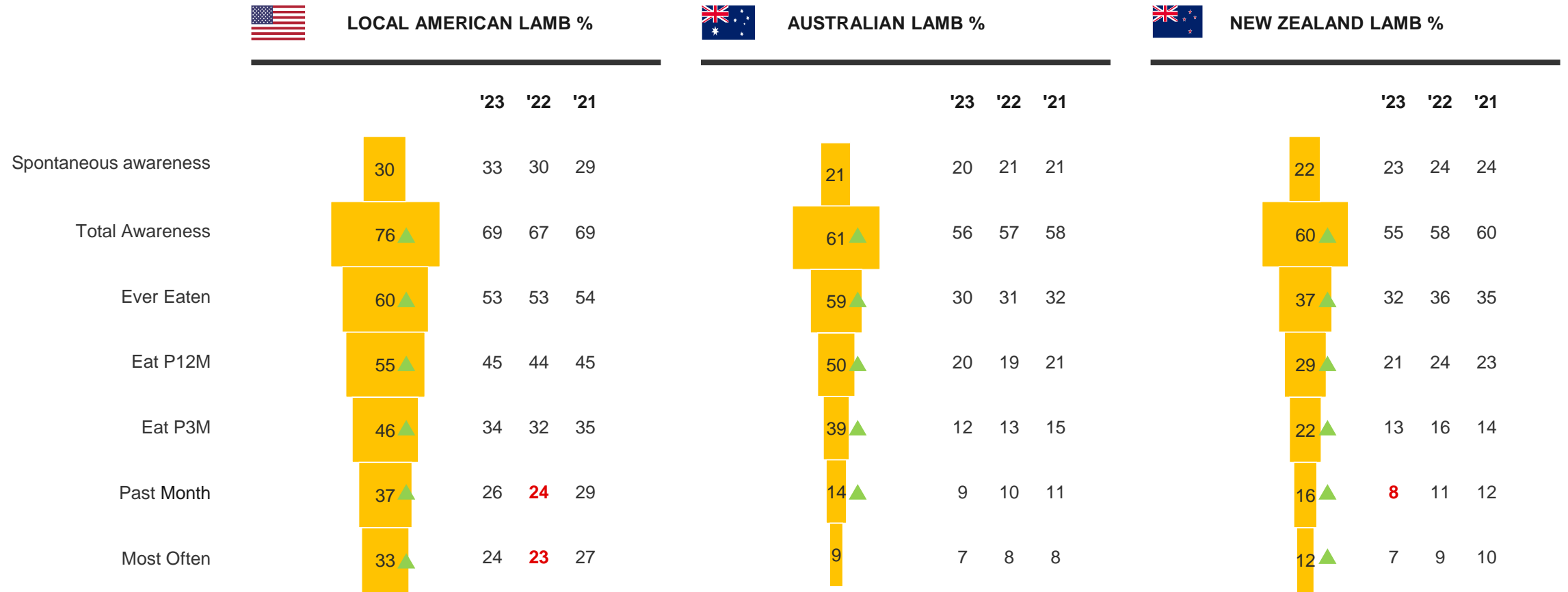
## Lamb – Reasons why don't buy



# Local Lamb maintains its lead on all brand health metrics. While performance has strengthened across brands, AU lamb has been able to show stronger growth vs. NZ Lamb.



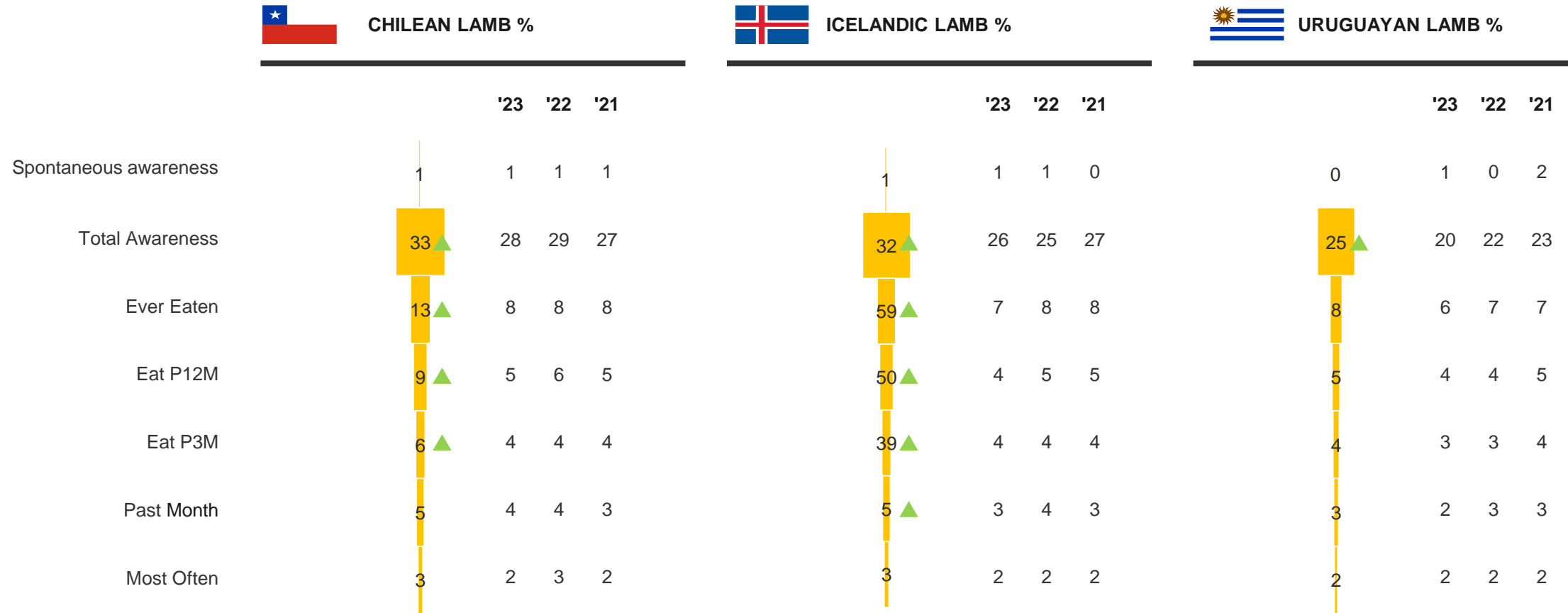
## Lamb country of origin – Brand Health Funnels



# Awareness is limited for other imported Lamb brands; however, it has grown vs. 2023



## Lamb country of origin – Brand Health Funnels



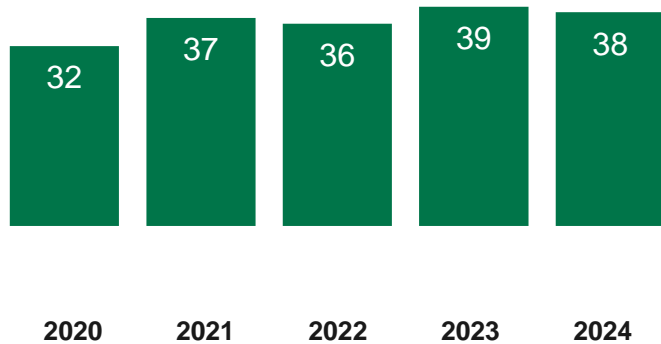
**While Local lamb continues to dominate in terms of equity as well, AU and NZ lamb are broadly stable. However, NZ lamb still has a stronger equity than AU lamb.**



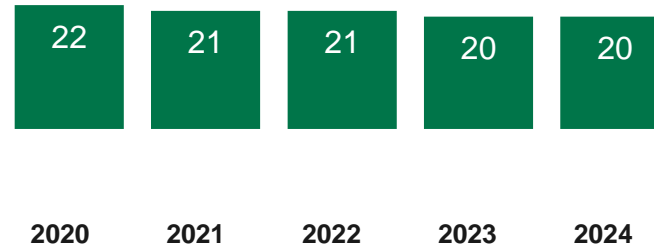
Lamb country of origin – Demand Power



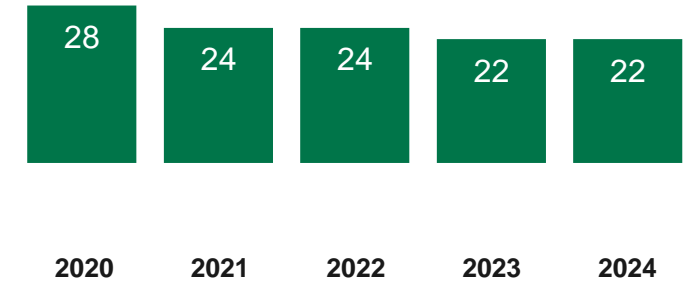
LOCAL GRASS FED BEEF %



AUSTRALIAN GRASS FED BEEF %



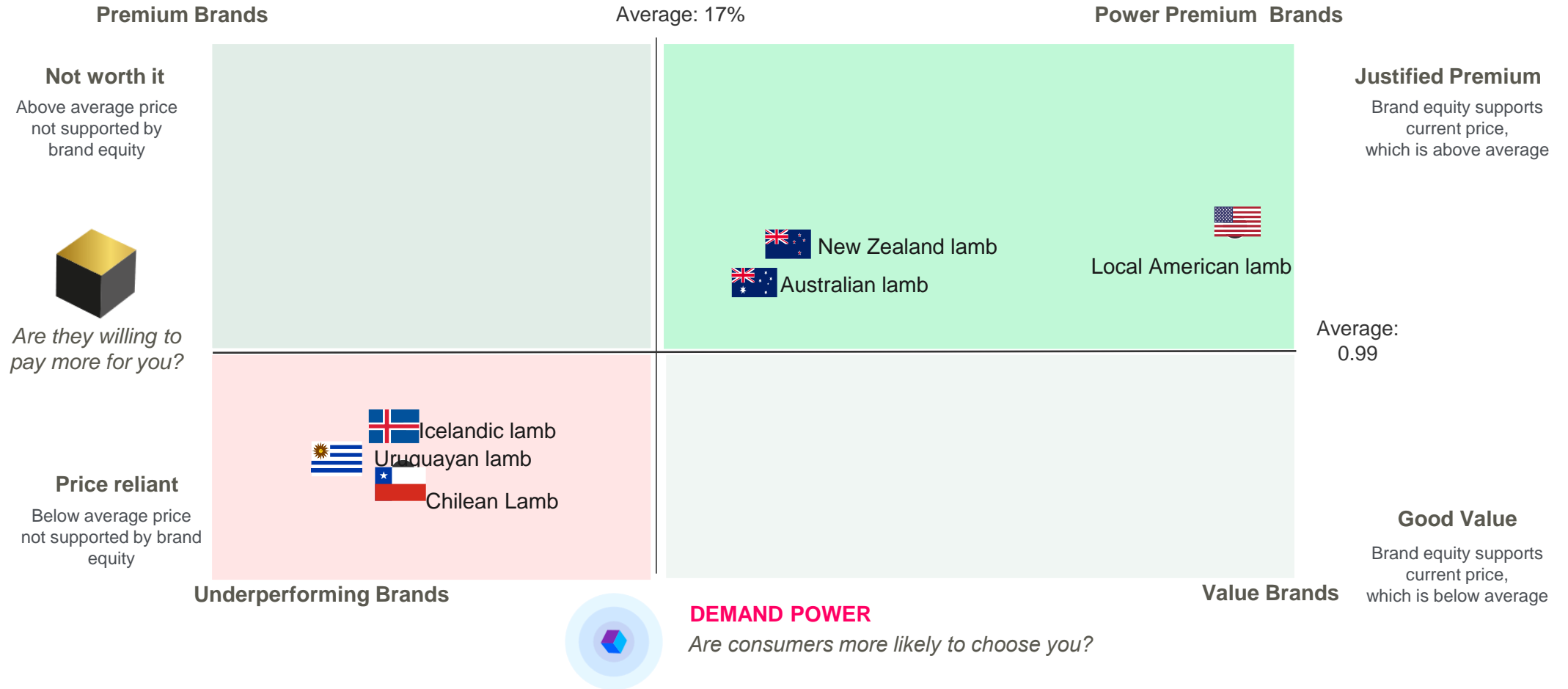
NEW ZEALAND GRASS FED BEEF %



# AU and NZ Lamb are able to justify their premium price, however Local Lamb is slightly stronger due to higher Demand. AU Lamb must strengthen its equity to differentiate vs. NZ .



Lamb country of origin – Demand Power vs. Pricing Power





# The associations that consumers hold in their minds for lamb in USA cluster into 5 themes

Importance in driving Demand Power



## High quality

**29%** (30%)

- Fresh
- The meat is usually tender
- Guaranteed safe to eat
- Consistent quality standards



## Superior

**28%** (31%)

- Is my/my family's favourite lamb/goat
- Is the most superior lamb
- Offers a variety of cuts that suit the meals I make



## Cheap And Easy

**19%** (17%)

- Is easy and convenient to purchase
- Cheaper



## Goodness

**14%** (11%)

- The animal is well-cared for
- More nutritious
- The industry is environmentally sustainable



## Low in fat

**9%** (10%)

- Low in fat

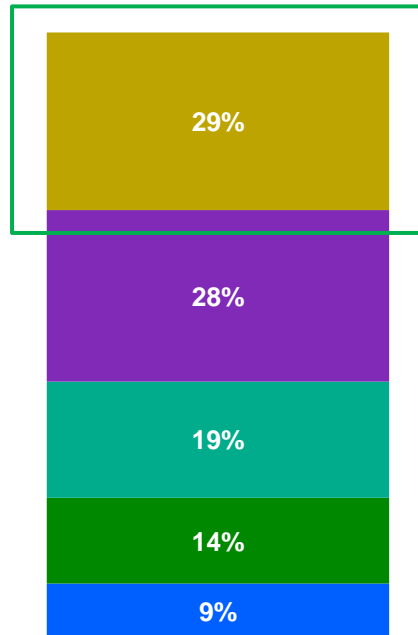


Drivers of Demand & Pricing Power differ - **Goodness** and **Low fat** contribute more to Pricing Power. To strengthen equity, however, AU Lamb must focus on conveying the idea of **High Quality**.

What drivers demand power and pricing power



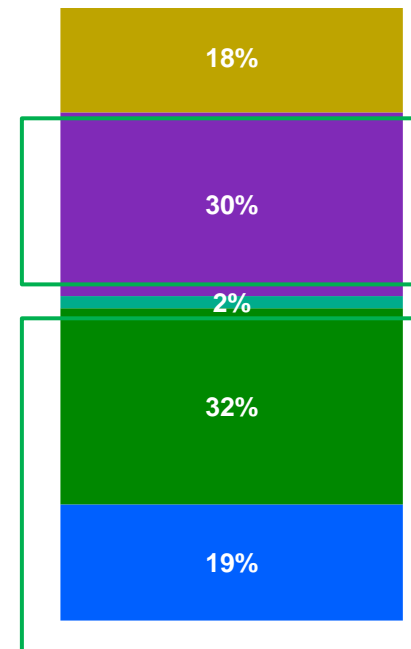
### DEMAND POWER



- HIGH QUALITY
- SUPERIOR
- CHEAP AND EASY
- GOODNESS
- LOW FAT



### PRICING POWER



**HIGH QUALITY**  
Fresh  
The meat is usually tender  
Guaranteed safe to eat  
Consistent quality standards

**SUPERIOR**  
Is my/my family's favourite lamb/goat  
Is the most superior lamb  
Offers a variety of cuts that suit the meals I make

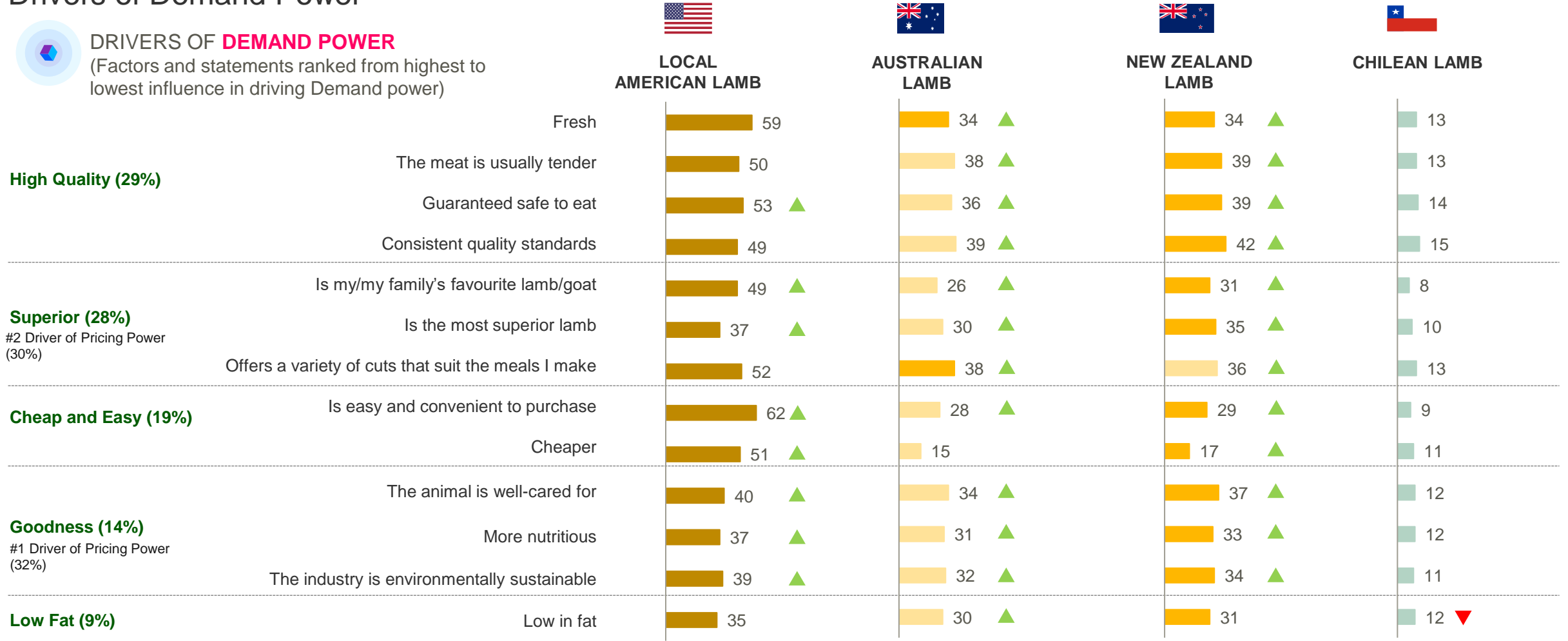
# AU and NZ Lamb have a stronger brand image than Beef and both have strengthened associations across the main drivers of Demand and Pricing Power.



## Drivers of Demand Power



**DRIVERS OF DEMAND POWER**  
(Factors and statements ranked from highest to lowest influence in driving Demand power)



# AU Lamb can leverage the fact that neither COO stands out as tender, safe, or consistent quality to increase Demand. Local Lamb is the only brand that is clearly defined.

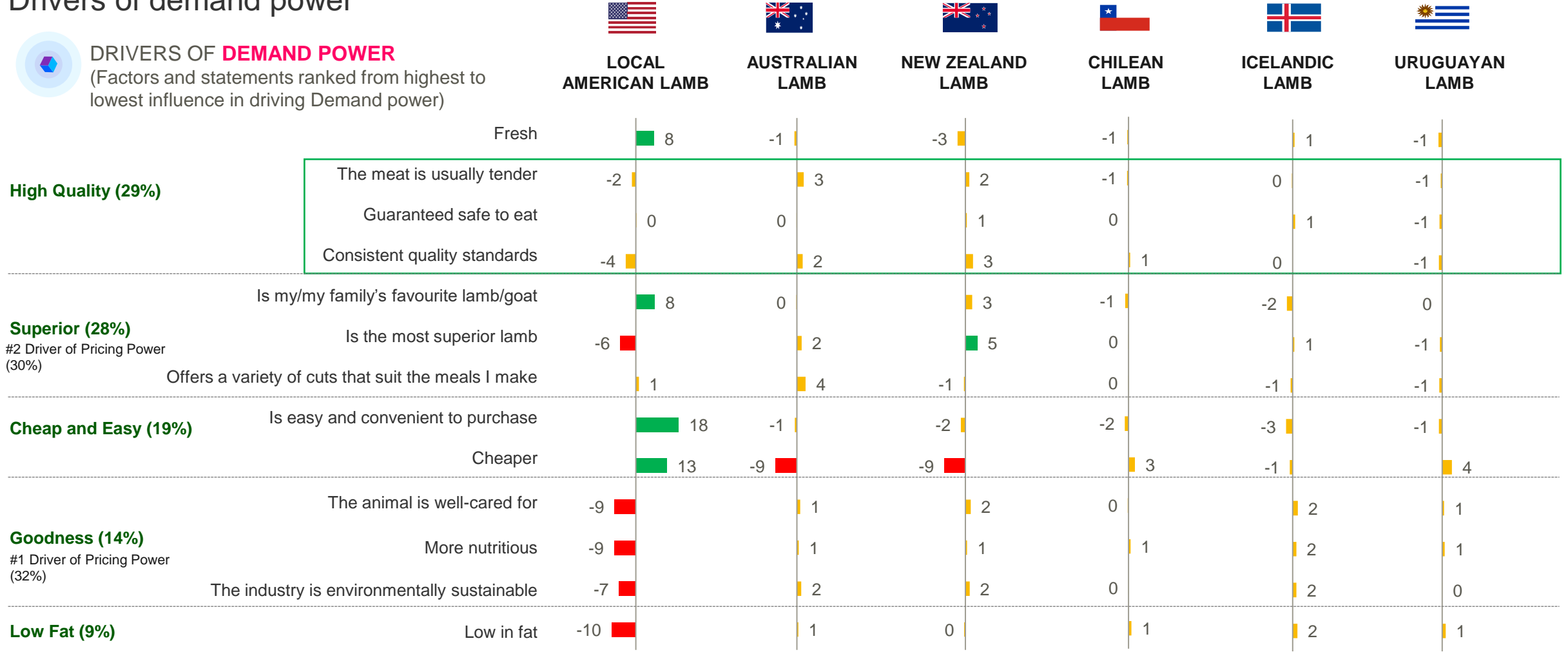


## Drivers of demand power



### DRIVERS OF DEMAND POWER

(Factors and statements ranked from highest to lowest influence in driving Demand power)



# Modelling helps us identify the strongest returns for AU Lamb lie in conveying fresh and tender cuts, guaranteeing high quality and safety processes.



Top associations to grow - volume & premium (ordered based on impact on building equity)

1

Fresh

Owned by Local Lamb – hard for AU to compete with a local product

2

Safety

Currently a white space and AU Lamb is well positioned to be differentiated vs. other imports

3

Tender

4

Family favourite

Owned by Local Lamb

5

Consistent quality standards

Currently a white space

# Summarising Lamb module:



## Lamb consumption in USA

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Lamb is becoming increasingly popular among Americans, indicating a good opportunity for AU Lamb to capitalise on.

However around 4 in 10 have never bought lamb.

Lack of familiarity is the main barrier to trial in USA.

Positioning lamb as a family meal, showcasing different ways to cook and eat Australian Lamb that overcome taste barriers, can all help grow its consumption.

## Strengthening perceptions of High Quality

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Like beef, the main goal for Australian Lamb is to raise awareness and strengthen its equity.

While Local Lamb is the only brand that is differentiated across most imagery statements, there are white spaces related to the main driver of High quality that AU Lamb could focus on in terms of communication: tenderness, safety, and consistent quality standards.

This will also assist AU Lamb differentiate from New Zealand Lamb.

6  
Final thoughts  
and discussion



## Overall Summary

- The lack of requirement for 'country of origin' labelling at point of purchase continues to be a challenge for Australian Beef and Lamb in the US.
- **Building equity and differentiating vs. other imports** thus continues to be a key task for Australian Beef and Lamb.
- While focussing on building awareness, it is important to **focus on the important levers of 'High quality'** as it will help build the right associations and strengthen equity for both Australian Beef and Lamb.
- Australia has the advantage of a clean and green rearing environment which can be leveraged as a differentiating asset to **reinforce high quality**.
- With online meat purchase becoming popular it is important to **ensure availability** in the relevant channels and also have the **right information on packs** about nutrition and fat content through product descriptions or as attractive product images that can maximize appeal for shoppers.

# KANTAR

## Global Tracker 2024

### USA Presentation Deck

Brought to you by your Kantar Team:  
Sally Kennedy, Poorva Shinde and Carolina Ferrando



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